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Mark Scheme (Results)

## January 2015

Pearson Edexcel International GCSE
Mathematics A (4MAO)
Paper 2F
Pearson Edexcel Level 1/Level 2 Certificate Mathematics A (KMAO)
Paper 2F

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## General Marking Guidance

- All candidates must receive the same treatment. Examiners must mark the first candidate in exactly the same way as they mark the last.
- Mark schemes should be applied positively. Candidates must be rewarded for what they have shown they can do rather than penalised for omissions.
- Examiners should mark according to the mark scheme not according to their perception of where the grade boundaries may lie.
- There is no ceiling on achievement. All marks on the mark scheme should be used appropriately.
- All the marks on the mark scheme are designed to be awarded. Examiners should always award full marks if deserved, i.e. if the answer matches the mark scheme.
Examiners should also be prepared to award zero marks if the candidate's response is not worthy of credit according to the mark scheme.
- Where some judgement is required, mark schemes will provide the principles by which marks will be awarded and exemplification may be limited.
- When examiners are in doubt regarding the application of the mark scheme to a candidate's response, the team leader must be consulted.
- Crossed out work should be marked UNLESS the candidate has replaced it with an alternative response.
- Types of mark
- M marks: method marks
- A marks: accuracy marks
- B marks: unconditional accuracy marks (independent of $M$ marks)
- Abbreviations
- cao - correct answer only
- ft - follow through
- isw - ignore subsequent working
- SC - special case
- oe - or equivalent (and appropriate)
- dep - dependent
- indep - independent
- eeoo - each error or omission
- No working

If no working is shown then correct answers normally score full marks
If no working is shown then incorrect (even though nearly correct) answers score no marks.

- With working

If there is a wrong answer indicated on the answer line always check the working in the body of the script (and on any diagrams), and award any marks appropriate from the mark scheme.
If it is clear from the working that the "correct" answer has been obtained from incorrect working, award 0 marks.
Any case of suspected misread loses A (and B) marks on that part, but can gain the $M$ marks.
If working is crossed out and still legible, then it should be given any appropriate marks, as long as it has not been replaced by alternative work.
If there is a choice of methods shown, then no marks should be awarded, unless the answer on the answer line makes clear the method that has been used.
If there is no answer on the answer line then check the working for an obvious answer.

- Ignoring subsequent work

It is appropriate to ignore subsequent work when the additional work does not change the answer in a way that is inappropriate for the question: eg. Incorrect cancelling of a fraction that would otherwise be correct.
It is not appropriate to ignore subsequent work when the additional work essentially makes the answer incorrect eg algebra.
Transcription errors occur when candidates present a correct answer in working, and write it incorrectly on the answer line; mark the correct answer.

- Parts of questions

Unless allowed by the mark scheme, the marks allocated to one part of the question CANNOT be awarded in another.

## International GCSE Maths January 2015 - Paper 2F Mark scheme

Apart from Questions 13b and 20 where the mark scheme states otherwise, the correct answer, unless clearly obtained by an incorrect method, should be taken to imply a correct method.

| Question | Working | Answer | Mark | Notes |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 (a) |  | Nile | 1 | B1 accept 6695 |
| (b) |  | Four thousand four hundred and twenty five | 1 | B1 accept mis-spellings if meaning is clear |
| (c) |  | 500 | 1 | B1 accept five hundred; hundreds; 100s |
| (d) |  | 6380 | 1 | B1 accept Yangtze |
| (e) | $985+4425$ | 5410 | 1 | B1 |
|  |  |  |  | Total 5 marks |


| Question | Working | Answer | Mark | Notes |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathbf{2}$ (a) (i) |  | certain | 1 | B1 |  |
| (ii) |  | unlikely | 1 | B1 |  |
| (b) (i) |  | cross at 0 | 1 | B1 |  |
| (ii) | cross at 0.5 | 1 | B1 |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | Total 4 marks |


| Question |  | Working | Answer | Mark | Notes |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathbf{3}$ (a) | sphere | 1 | B1any recognisable spelling <br> (b) (i)$\quad$ cube | 1 | B1accept cuboid, prism (any <br> recognisable spelling) |
| (ii) |  | 6 | 1 | B1 |  |
| (iii) | 8 | 1 | B1 |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | Total 4 marks |


| Question | Working | Answer | Mark | Notes |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 4 (a) |  | 4 | 1 | B1 |
| (b) |  | 10.8 | 1 | B1 accept 10.5-11 exclusive |
| (c) |  | Iran | 1 | B1 |
| (d) |  | bar drawn | 1 | B1 bar drawn (accept any width) with 9.5 < height < 10 |
| (e) | 72000 : 18000 | 4:1 | 2 | M1 or any equivalent ratio eg $72: 18$ <br> A1 SC: B1 for an answer of $1: 4$ |
|  |  |  |  | Total 6 marks |


| Question | Working | Answer | Mark | Notes |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathbf{5}$ (a) |  | $4.56,4.6,5.04,5.46$, | 1 | B1 |
| (b) |  | 5.6 |  |  |
| (c) |  | 6 squares shaded | 1 | B1 |
| (d) |  | 0.4 | 1 | B1 |
| (e) |  | $\frac{87}{100}$ | 1 | B1 |
| (f) | $9 \div 16$ | 0.5625 | 1 | B1 |
|  |  |  |  |  |


| Question | Working | Answer | Mark | Notes |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathbf{6}$ (a) (i) |  | $(4,2)$ | 1 | B1 |  |
| (ii) |  | $(-3,-1)$ | 1 | B1 |  |
| (b) |  | trapezium | 1 | B1 $\quad$ any recognisable spelling |  |
| (c) (i) | acute | 1 | B1 $\quad$ any recognisable spelling |  |  |
| (ii) | 74 | 1 | B1 $\quad$ accept 72 - 76 |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | Total 5 marks |


| Question | Working | Answer | Mark | Notes |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 7 (a) |  | 4 | 1 | B1 |  |
| (b) |  | $5 k$ | 1 | B1 |  |
| (c) |  | $3 p+5 m$ | 2 | B2 | B1 for $3 p$ or $5 m$ |
| (d) | $\begin{aligned} & 4 \times-5+9 \times 3 \text { or } \\ & -20 \text { or } \\ & 27 \end{aligned}$ | 7 | 2 |  | for correct evaluation of one term or complete correct substitution into rhs |
| (e) |  | $c(c-5)$ | 2 | B2 | Award B2 also for $(c \pm 0)(c-5)$ B1 for factors which, when expanded and simplified, give two terms, one of which is correct |
| (f) |  | $d^{12}$ | 1 | B1 |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | Total 9 marks |


| Question | Working | Answer | Mark | Notes |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathbf{8}$ (a) | $-12+15$ or $15+-12$ or 15-12 |  | 2 | M1 |
| (b) (i) |  | 3 | 16 | B1 |
| (ii) |  | -30 | 1 | B1 |
| (c) (i) | + | 2 | B1 |  |
| (ii) |  | 125 | 1 | B1 |
| (d) |  | 16 | 1 | B1 |
| (e) |  |  |  | Total 8 marks |


| Question | Working | Answer | Mark | Notes |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathbf{9}$ (a) |  | 2 correct lines of <br> symmetry | 1 | B1 |
| with no incorrect lines of |  |  |  |  |
| symmetry |  |  |  |  |


| Question | Working | Answer | Mark | Notes |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 10 (a) |  | 1745 | 1 | B1 allow 17 45pm |
| (b) | A method to work out time difference eg. 5:45 $\rightarrow$ 6:45 $\rightarrow 7: 45 \rightarrow 8: 10$ or 25 on minutes answer line |  | 2 | M1do not accept 8.10-5.45 alone or  <br>  2.65 |
|  |  | 2h 25 min |  | A1 |
|  |  |  |  | Total 3 marks |


| Question | Working | Answer | Mark | Notes |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 11 (a) |  | 48 | 1 | B1 |
| (b) | 50-45 |  | 2 | M1 for 35 and 50 |
|  |  | 5 |  | A1 |
| (c) | $\begin{array}{\|l} \hline 45 \times 3+46 \times 7+47 \times 12+48 \times 23+49 \times 4+50 \times 1 \text { or } \\ 135+322+564+1104+196+50 \text { or } \\ 2371 \\ \hline \end{array}$ |  | 3 | $\begin{array}{ll}\text { M1 } & \begin{array}{l}\text { for at least } 3 \text { correct products and } \\ \text { summing them }\end{array}\end{array}$ |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { "2371":50 or } \\ & \frac{45 \times 3+46 \times 7+47 \times 12+48 \times 23+49 \times 4+50(\times 1)}{50} \end{aligned}$ |  |  | M1 (dep) for division by 50 <br> NB. If division by something other than 50 this must clearly come from adding the frequency column |
|  |  | 47.42 |  | $\begin{array}{ll} \hline \text { A1 } & \text { Accept } 47,47.4 \text { if } 2371 \div 50 \text { seen } \\ & \text { accept } 47 \frac{21}{50} \text { but not } \frac{2371}{50} \\ \hline \end{array}$ |
|  |  |  |  | Total 6 marks |


| Question | Working | Answer | Mark | Notes |
| :---: | :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathbf{1 2}$ | $40 \div 8$ or $18 \div 3$ or $28 \div 7$ or 5 or 6 or 4 or <br> $8 \times 3 \times 7$ or 168 or <br> $40 \times 18 \times 28$ or 20160 |  | 3 | M1for multiplier for at least one pair <br> of edges (may be part of an <br> expression <br> eg. $\frac{40 \times 28}{8 \times 7}, 8 \times 5=40$ ) <br> or for volume of at least one of the <br> two cuboids <br> NB: May see 5 or 6 or 4 indicated <br> on diagram |
|  |  |  |  | M1 dep |
|  |  |  |  | A1 |
|  |  |  |  |  |


| Question | Working | Answer | Mark | Notes |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 13 (a) | $\begin{aligned} & 72 \div 9 \text { or } 8 \text { or } \frac{5}{9} \times 72 \text { or } 5 \times 72 \text { or } 360 \text { or } \\ & 0.555(5 \ldots) \times 72 \text { oe } \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |  | 2 | M1 |
|  | $8 \times 5$ or $360 \div 9$ | 40 |  | A1 |
| (b) | $\begin{aligned} & \frac{5}{15}+\frac{4}{15} \text { or } \\ & \frac{5+4}{15} \end{aligned}$ |  | 2 | M1 for 2 fractions equivalent to $\frac{1}{3}$ and $\frac{4}{15}$ with a common denominator eg. $\frac{15}{45}+\frac{12}{45}$ or $\frac{15+12}{45}$ |
|  |  | $\frac{9}{15}$ |  | A1 dep on M1 for fraction equivalent to $\frac{9}{15}$ (but not $\frac{3}{5}$ ) produced directly from M1 |
|  |  |  |  | Total 4 marks |


| Question | Working | Answer | Mark | Notes |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 14 | 1-0.3oe or 0.7 oe |  | 3 | M1 accept $100(\%)-30(\%)=70(\%)$ |
|  | " 0.7 " $\div 2$ oe |  |  | M1 dep accept 70(\%) $\div 2$ |
|  |  | 0.35 |  | A1 for 0.35 or $35 \%$ or $\frac{35}{100}$ oe |
|  |  |  |  | Total 3 mar |


| Question | Working | Answer | Mark | Notes |
| :---: | :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathbf{1 5}$ | $32 \times 17$ or 544 or <br> $\pi \times 8^{2}$ oe or $200.9-201.602$ |  | 3 | M1 |
|  | $32 \times 17-\pi \times 8^{2}$ |  |  | M1 for the complete, correct method |
|  |  | 343 |  | A1 for awrt 343 |
|  |  |  |  | Total 3 marks |



| Question | Working | Answer | Mark | Notes |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathbf{1 7}$ (a) |  | Enlargement | 3 | B1 | These marks are |
| independent but award no |  |  |  |  |  |
| marks if the answer is not |  |  |  |  |  |
| a single transformation |  |  |  |  |  |$]$


| Question | Working | Answer | Mark | Notes |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 18 (a) (i) |  | 5,15 | 2 | B1 |  |
| (ii) |  | 4, 5, 8, 10, 12, 15, 16 |  | B1 |  |
| (b) |  | No ticked and 5 is a prime number (and a multiple of 5) | 1 | B1 oe explanation eg. 5 is in both sets |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | Total 3 marks |


| Question | Working | Answer | Mark | Notes |  |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :--- |
| $\mathbf{1 9}$ | $240 \times \frac{3}{3+4+8}$ or 48 or $240 \times \frac{8}{3+4+8}$ or 128 |  | 3 | M1 | M2 for <br> $240 \times \frac{5}{3+4+8}$ |
|  | $" 128 "-48 "$ |  |  | M1 dep |  |
|  |  | 80 |  | A1 |  |
|  |  |  |  | Total 3 marks |  |


| Question | Working | Answer | Mark | Notes |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 20 | $\begin{aligned} & 3 x-5+3 x+4 x+2 \\ & (=10 x-3) \end{aligned}$ |  | 4 | M1 correct expression for perimeter (may be seen in an equation) |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & 3 x-5+3 x+4 x+2=62 \text { or } \\ & " 10 x-3 "=62 \end{aligned}$ |  |  | M1 dep |
|  | eg. $10 x-3=62$ |  |  | M1 (dep) correct method to collect $x$ terms in a correct equation |
|  |  | $6.5 \text { or } 6 \frac{1}{2}$ |  | A1 dep on all method marks |
|  |  |  |  | SC : <br> B2 for $x=6.5$ and $3 \times 6.5-5+3 \times 6.5+4 \times 6.5+2$ $=62$ <br> (B1 for a value for $x$ substituted into correct expression for perimeter eg. $3 \times 6-5+3 \times 6+4 \times 6+2$ ) |
|  |  |  |  | Total 4 marks |


| Question | Working | Answer | Mark | Notes |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathbf{2 1}$ |  | $1,8,9$ | 2 | B2B1 for 2, 8, 8 or $0,8,10$ or <br> for three numbers with a mean of 6 <br> or a median of 8 <br> or $6 \times 3(=18)$ |
|  |  |  | Total 2 marks |  |


| Question | Working | Answer | Mark | Notes |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 22 (a) | $3 x<35-8$ or $3 x<27$ |  | 2 | M1 allow $3 x=35-8$ or $3 x=27$ condone incorrect inequality sign |
|  |  | $x<9$ |  | A1 for $x<9$ or $9>x$ <br> NB: Final answer must be an inequality <br> $\mathrm{SC}: \mathrm{B} 1$ for $x \leq 9$ or $x=9$ or 9 as an answer |
| (b) |  | $-2<x \leqslant 4$ oe | 2 | B2 B1 for one end of inequality correct ie. $-2<x$ or $x \leqslant 4$ OR $-2 \leqslant x<4$ condone the use of a variable other than $x$ but not O |
|  |  |  |  | Total 4 marks |


| Question | Working | Answer | Mark |  | Notes |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 23 (a) | Angle between tangent and radius is $\underline{90}^{\circ}$ |  | 1 | B1 | Accept perpendicular or right angle for $90^{\circ}$ |
| (b) | angle $P O T=180-90-46(=44)$ or $2 y+90+46=180$ |  | 3 | M1 | May be on diagram |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & (y=) " 44 " \div 2 \text { or }(180-(180-44)) \div 2 \text { or } \\ & (y=)(180-90-46) \div 2 \end{aligned}$ |  |  | M1 |  |
|  |  | 22 |  | A1 |  |
|  |  |  |  | Total 4 marks |  |

